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## HEAT SINK WITH INTEGRATED ELECTRONICS

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### TECHNICAL FIELD

**[0001]** The present invention relates to integrated circuits and more particularly to packaging multiple substrate technologies within a housing.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

**[0002]** Integrated circuits requiring a particular substrate technology, i.e. printed circuit boards, typically have manufacturing and assembly requirements that differ dramatically. For example, a thick film ceramic substrate is significantly different from a printed circuit board, making it difficult to combine the use of these two very different substrate technologies into a single, convenient, and cost effective package. Furthermore, certain unpackaged die and flip-chip technologies, called hybrid circuits, also have substrate technologies that differ from one another.

**[0003]** Many applications such as engine controller applications often require the integration of many different substrate technologies into a single application. For example, electronics associated with controlling an engine require sensitive micro-electronics requiring assembly to a printed circuit board that typically occurs within a clean room, be integrated with more durable devices, such as output driver circuits that are implemented with flip-chips on thick film ceramic substrates. The latter requiring a sink for heat removal from the power dissipating circuitry

**[0004]** It is typical for integrated circuit applications to have strict space and weight constraints that make packaging an important factor in the overall system design. Often, the integration of different types of circuitry results in redundant integrated circuit and driver packaging, which increases

overall circuit density and uses up valuable packaging space. The disadvantages include increased complexity, high cost, and an increase in the risk of poor reliability.

**[0005]** There is a need for a packaging strategy that enables interconnection of different substrate material technologies without the disadvantages associated with the prior art.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0006]** It is an object of the present invention to provide a strategy for partitioned packaging of multiple substrates in a single, enclosed housing. It is another object of the present invention to integrate multiple circuits having different substrate technologies into a single housing. Yet another object of the present invention is to include a heat sink in the partitioned housing. A further object of the present invention is to eliminate the need for redundant integrated circuit packaging.

**[0007]** The present invention provides a partitioned packaging strategy that enables interconnection of different substrate technologies into a single housing. The housing assembly utilizes vertical space for packaging. A heat sink is provided for removal of heat. At the same time, sensitive electronics can be fully enclosed and isolated from other more durable electronics, thereby eliminating the need to fully assemble the integrated circuit in an expensive clean room environment.

**[0008]** According to the present invention there is provided a housing, preferably cast aluminum, having a cavity in one or more facing sides. Hybrid circuits, and specifically ceramic based hybrid circuits, are housed in the cavities. A bottom portion seals the housing and has a row of pins provided for interconnecting the circuits housed in the separate cavities, thereby allowing the integration of different types of circuits in a single, fully

enclosed, yet partitioned, housing. Further, the housing itself can be connected to another device such as a printed circuit board. Thereby providing interconnection between the hybrid assemblies within the housing and other external devices.

**[0009]** In one embodiment of the present invention, a high temperature plastic is used for the housing cover, and cast aluminum is used for providing heat sink properties. The heat sink may further be mechanically mounted to a printed wiring board and to the housing, thereby completing a thermal path for drawing heat away from the circuitry.

**[0010]** In yet another embodiment of the present invention, a cover may enclose the entire housing, or portions thereof, to isolate and protect sensitive circuits from the surrounding environment. This provides the advantage of sealing and testing the assembly for subsequent shipping to a remote site, where the housing can be integrated into the product being assembled in a less controlled assembly environment.

**[0011]** Other objects and features of the present invention will become apparent when viewed in light of the detailed description of the preferred embodiment when taken in conjunction with the attached drawings and appended claims.

### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

**[0012]** In order that the present invention may be well understood, there will now be described some embodiments thereof, given by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

**[0013]** FIGURE 1 is an exploded view of the integrated heat rail assembly of the present invention.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

**[0014]** Figure 1 is an exploded view of the integrated heat rail assembly 10 of the present invention, as it would be used in conjunction with a printed circuit board 12. The printed circuit board 12 has integrated circuit chips 14 mounted thereto and are typically used for circuits that require fine line, multi-layer, high-density interconnections for devices such as microcomputers. The boards can be implemented with copper-clad, glass epoxy laminate for example.

**[0015]** The present invention 10 houses a plurality of peripheral components 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24. While five are shown in Figure 1, it is possible to implement the present invention using fewer, or more components depending on the specific application. The peripheral components are implemented in any one of a variety of substrate materials. For the example shown in Figure 1, the application is a power switching circuit in which the peripheral component circuits 16-24 are implemented with die and flip chips on thick film ceramic. However, it should be noted that each component circuit 16, 18, 20, and 22 may have a different substrate from each other.

**[0016]** The housing 10 has a bottomless cover 26, which is preferably cast aluminum for heat sink capabilities, houses the component circuits 16-24. The cover 26 may or may not be partitioned 25 to house the component circuits 16-24. The substrates for the components 16, 18, 20 and 22 are usually thermally conductive substrates, therefore the cover 26 should have heat sink capabilities. The fourth, and bottom side 28 of the housing 10 is a high temperature plastic material having at least one row of pins 30 molded therein. The pins 30 provide interconnect capabilities between the peripheral components 16-24 and the printed circuit board 12. The pins should preferably be wire bond compatible for connection to the peripheral component circuits 16-24 inside the cover 26 and solderable externally for

interconnection to the printed circuit board. The housing 10 is preferably mechanically mounted to the printed circuit board.

**[0017]** The bottom section 26 of the housing 10 is preferably molded from a high heat plastic. A raised bead, or track 32 is molded around the periphery of the bottom section 28 for being received by a groove 34 cast in the heat sink cover 26. An adhesive (not shown) may be applied in the groove 34 to attach and seal the bottom section 28 to the cover 26, further protecting the sensitive components from the external environment.

**[0018]** The pins 30 that are molded into the bottom section 28, allow ease in assembly when the housing 10 is attached to another device such as the printed circuit board shown in Figure 1. A sealed and pre-tested heat sink assembly may be shipped to remote sites and integrated in the product being assembled in a less controlled environment.

**[0019]** In another embodiment of the present invention, shown in Figure 2, the housing 40 fully encloses the peripheral components (not shown) and is filled with a dielectric gel 42.

**[0020]** While particular embodiments of the invention have been shown and described, numerous variations and alternate embodiments will occur to those skilled in the art. Accordingly, it is intended that the invention be limited only in terms of the appended claims.